GARMIN GTX SERIES TRANSPONDER SYSTEM - ADJUSTMENT/TEST

1. General

A. This section gives the adjustment and test procedures for the GTX Series Transponder System. For a general overview refer to Garmin GTX Series Transponder System - Description and Operation.

2. Garmin GTX Series Transponder System Operational Check

NOTE: The operational check procedures are typical for Garmin GTX-33, GTX-33ES, GTX-335R and GTX-345R transponders unless otherwise noted.

A. Tools and Equipment

NOTE: For the supplier publication part number and manufacturer data, refer to the Introduction - Supplier Publication List.

- (1) Tools and Equipment
 - Metal Shrouds
 - IFR 6000.
- (2) Special Consumables
 - None.
- (3) Reference Material
 - Garmin GTX Series Transponder System Description and Operation
 - Garmin G1000 Integrated Avionics System Adjustment/Test.

B. Prepare the Airplane

- (1) Make sure that the switches that follow are in the OFF position:
 - (a) BATTERY switch.
 - (b) EXTERNAL POWER switch.
 - (c) AVIONICS 1 and 2 switches.
- (2) Connect external electrical power to the airplane.
- (3) Make sure that all the circuit breakers on the Avionics circuit breaker panel are engaged.
- (4) Put the switches that follow to the positions given:
 - (a) External POWER switch to the BUS position.
 - (b) BATTERY switch to the ON position.
 - (c) Avionics 1 and 2 switches to the ON position.
- (5) After the Garmin G1000 system is fully initiated refer to Garmin G1000 Integrated Avionics System Adjustment/Test and do the steps that follow:
 - (a) Do the Architecture Verification check and make sure all systems are serviceable.
 - (b) Make sure that the correct software and configuration has been installed.
- (6) Use the code Softkeys, tune the Transponder 1 to code 0600.

WARNING: When selecting a transponder code, be careful not to radiate any of the following codes: Code 0000 – military intercept code code 7500 – hijack code code 7600 – VHF com receiver failure code code 7700 – emergency code.

NOTE: The transponder functionality spans three levels of Softkeys on the PFD. These levels are entitled the Top, level, the mode selection level, and the code selection level. On PFD 1, push the XPDR Softkey to select the mode selection menu, and push the CODE Softkey to select the code selection.

- (7) Connect the test set coax cable to the flat plane antenna BNC connector.
- (8) Connect the other end of the coax to the antenna input of the IFR 6000
- (9) Find a location around the aircraft with a clear view of the transponder antenna and set the flat plane antenna so it point directly at the transponder antenna.
 - (a) Either attach the flat plane antenna to the IFR 6000, or set the antenna on the ground.

NOTE: Do not hold the antenna.

(10) Put the parameters that follow in the IFR 6000 test set. Refer to Table 501.

Table 501. IFR 6000 Test Set Up

Table 601111 K 6000 Feet Op			
Parameter	Value		
ANTENNA	Bottom		
RF PORT	Antenna or direct connect		
CABLE LOSS	Normally set once; figure marked on supplied RF coax cable.		
ANT RANGE	This is the range difference between the test antenna and transponder antenna.		
ANT HEIGHT	This is the height difference between the test antenna and transponder antenna.		
UUT ADDRESS	AUTO		
DIVERSITYTEST	OFF		

CAUTION: If the option described in the note below is used, reduce the power of the test set to the minimum.

NOTE:

It is permissible to connect the IFR 6000 test set directly to any transponder coax connector in the event that any of the following automated tests fail while using the flat plane antenna. To use the IFR 6000 directly coupled to a transponder, connect appropriate coax cables/adapters between the affected antenna connection (either on the transponder rack or at the antenna) and the ant port on the IFR 6000. Press the setup key on the IFR 6000 and change the port to direct.

- C. Transponder 1 Antenna Operational Check.
 - (1) For G1000 NXi Software configuration, make sure IFR 6000 test box is connected to the left pitot/static system and is configured to an airspeed greater than 100 knots.

NOTE: Above 100 knots the ALT indication will turn from WHITE to GREEN. If airspeed is not simulated over 100 knots, the IFR 6000 test will fail.

- (2) Use the mode Softkeys to select XPDR 1 and then select ALT.
- (3) From the IFR 6000 transponder menu, select AUTO TEST.

NOTE: The tests are tailored automatically according to reported transponder level, to avoid erroneous failures.

- (4) After completion of auto test, verify that PASS is shown on the IFR 6000 XPDR screen.
 - (a) Make sure that ALT is annunciated in the transponder status bar.
 - (b) Make sure that:
 - 1 The Effective Radiated Power (ERP) is between 48.5 dbm and 57 dbm.
 - 2 The acceptable level for MTL is -74.0, +3dbm or 3dbm.

NOTE:

The power/freq sub-test can fail if the unit is not configured correctly. Make sure the distance and height of antenna, and signal loss of the cable used are correct. If the power/freq sub-test is the only sub-test failed and the values for ERP and MTL are within the tolerances listed above, then it is acceptable to continue the check.

NOTE: The UF20 and UF21 sub-tests will show as no reply and the UF24 sub-test can show as not capable. This is normal and should not be construed as a transponder failure.

- D. Transponder 2 Antenna Operational Check.
 - (1) Do the steps above for the Transponder 2 antenna.
 - (2) You must recalculate the distance and height values listed in Table 501 for the transponder 2 antenna.
- E. Transponder 1 and transponder 2 Test False Failure Causes
 - (1) There are problems that can cause a false failure condition when you do the transponder check. Refer to Table 502.

Table 502. Transponder Check False Failures

Indicated Transponder Check Failure	Possible Failure Corrections
A-mode or C-mode Side Lobe Suppression (SLS) failures. These failures occur when the transponder replies when the IFR 6000 expects the transponder to remain quiet.	Operation of other transponder test sets nearby, or interrogations from ATC radar facilities can cause SLS failures.
Minimum Trigger Level (MTL) too low (too sensitive) in conjunction with TX	1. This is usually caused by incorrect entry of distance between antenna and test set or incorrect entry of antenna or connecting cable losses, which results in incorrect coupling calculation by the test set.
PWR too high.	2. This usually occurs when the test set is too close to the antenna.
MTL too high (not sensitive enough) in conjunction with TX PWR too low.	This is usually caused by incorrect entry of distance between antenna and test set or incorrect entry of antenna or connecting cable losses, which results in incorrect coupling calculation by the test set.
	2. This usually occurs when the test set is too far from the antenna.
	3. This set of problems can also be caused by an unserviceable antenna and/or coaxial cables.

F. GTX 33ES, GTX-335R, and GTX-345R ADS-B Out Operational Check

- (1) Use the FMS knobs to navigate to the AUX-STATUS page on the MFD.
- (2) Place the two formed metal shrouds or ecosorb over the base of both COM/GPS combo antennas and make sure that GPS reception is reduced.
 - (a) Push the GPS1 and GPS2 softkeys to show the GPS SOLUTION for each of the two GPS systems as ACQUIRING.

CAUTION: G1000 system power must be removed before you disconnect and/or connect the antennas or damage to the antenna can occur.

- (3) As an alternative to the metal shrouds, it is permitted to do the steps that follow:
 - (a) Disconnect G1000 system power.
 - (b) Disconnect the coaxial cables from either the GPS antennas or the GIA's.
 - (c) Push the GPS1 and GPS2 softkeys to show the GPS SOLUTION for each of the two GPS systems as AQUIRING.
- (4) Push the XPDR softkey on the PFD1 and select XPDR1.
 - (a) Make sure the transponder is operating in ground (GND), ON or altitude (ALT) mode.
 - (b) Make sure that a XPDR1 ADS-B FAIL amber CAS annunciation is shown on the PFD's.
- (5) If a second transponder has been installed, press the XPDR softkey on the PFD1 and select XPDR2.
 - (a) Make sure that a XPDR2 ADS-B FAIL amber CAS annunciation is shown on the PFD's.
- (6) Do the steps that follow as applicable.
 - (a) Remove the metal shrouds from the antennas.
 - (b) Connect the antenna coaxial cables to the GPS antennas or the Garmin GIA 63 Integrated Avionics Units.
- (7) When the there is a GPS solution make sure that the CAS message is removed from the PFD's.
- (8) Push the right most softkey on the PFD to show the system messages and make sure that:
 - (a) A TRAFFIC FAIL system message is not shown on the PFD's.
 - (b) Air data information (such as airspeed, altitude, etc) is not red flagged as invalid (red X).
 - (c) AHRS1 GPS and AHRS2 GPS system messages are not displayed.
 - (d) Air data information (such as airspeed, altitude, etc) is not red flagged as invalid (red X).

- G. GTX 345R (Optional Equipment Installation) ADS-B In Operational Check
 - (1) Press the XPDR button on the IFR 6000 until the ADS-B/GICB/UAT MAIN menu appears.
 - (a) Press the ADSB GEN Softkey.
 - (b) Use the BDS ON Softkey to enable/disable the following BDS registers in the table below. Refer to Table 503, BDS Register Setup.

Table 503. BDS Register Setup

Parameter Parameter	Input
1 0, 5 AIRBORNE POS	ENABLE
2 0, 6 SURFACE POS	DISABLED
3 0, 8 IDENT & CAT	ENABLE
4 0, 9 AIRBORNE VEL	ENABLE
5 6, 1 A/C STATUS ST1	ENABLE
6 6, 1 A/C STATUS ST2	DISABLED
7 6, 2 TSS SUBTYPE 0	DISABLED
8 6, 2 TSS SUBTYPE 1	DISABLED
9 6, 5 A/C OP STATUS AIR	ENABLED
10 6, 5 A/C IP STATUS SUR	DISABLED
11 0, A TEST MSG	DISABLED

- (c) Highlight 0,5 AIRBORNE POS and press the BDS DATA Softkey.
- (d) Using the NEXT/PREV PARAM Softkeys and the Directional Data Keys to input the following data, refer to Table 504, AIRBORNE POS Setup.

Table 504. AIRBORNE POS Setup

Parameter	Input
TYPE:	9
LAT:	Pick a latitude near the aircraft
LONG:	Pick a longitude near the aircraft
BARO PRES ALT	Same as on PFD

- (e) Press the RETURN Softkey and scroll down to the 0,8 IDENT & CAT then press the BDS DATA Softkey.
- (f) Using the NEXT/PREV PARAM Softkeys and the Directional Data Keys to input the following data, refer to Table 505, IDENT & CAT Setup.

Table 505. IDENT & CAT Setup

Parameter	Input
FLIGHT ID:	TEST1
EMIT CAT SET=	A
EMIT CAT=	SMALL

- (g) Press the RETURN Softkey and scroll down to the 0,9 AIRBORN VEL and press the BDS DATA Softkey.
- (h) Using the NEXT/PREV PARAM Softkeys and the Directional Data Keys to input the following data, refer to Table 506, AIRBORNE VEL Setup.

Table 506. AIRBORNE VEL Setup

Parameter	Input
E-W VEL	70 E
N-S VEL	90 S

SUPTYPE	1-VEL OVR GRND NORM

- (i) Press the RETURN Softkey on the IFR 6000 then select MAPS, then select TRAFFIC MAP.
 - 1 Make sure the ADS-B Softkey is ON.
 - 2 Press the RUN TEST Softkey on the IFR 6000.
- (j) Press the MFD FMS knob, scroll through the Traffic Targets available and find the simulated Traffic Target. Refer to Figure 501.
 - 1 Highlight the Simulated Traffic Target.
 - 2 Make sure that FLIGHT ID, EMIT CAT, CR, TRK and GS information is displayed on the lower left side of the MFD.
- H. Put the Airplane Back to its Initial Condition.
 - (1) Put the switches that follow to the OFF position:
 - (a) BATTERY switch.
 - (b) EXTERNAL POWER switch.
 - (c) AVIONICS 1 and 2 switches.
 - (2) Disconnect external electrical power from the airplane.

A103478 GS OKT ETE_ DTK_ TRK 265° Map - Traffic Map HDG UP ADS-B: SURF UNRESTRICTED NO TIS/ADS 70.3 PROP RPM 270 OIL PSI OIL °C Simulated FUEL QTY LBS Aircraft Dispaly 1500FT 1000 KBEC 600 400 BRETT12 0.5_{NM} Small Aircraft FFLOW PPH 468 CR: 88 KT TRK: 142° GS: 114 KT BAT AMPS BUS VOLTS 29.1 A-ICE GAL AIRB/SURF Motion: Off ADS-B Motion ALT Mode Checklis **Engine** ADS-B TRAFFIC INFO

Figure 501: Sheet 1: ADS-B In Simulated Aircraft Display